

Ronak M. Patel, MD

Shoulder Arthroscopy

Debridement/Decompression, Biceps Tenotomy, Distal Clavicle Excision

Post-Operative Instructions

Please bring all post-operative DME to the surgical facility the day of surgery (this includes all crutches, braces, slings, polar care machines, etc.)

Diet

- You may resume your regular diet. However, start slow with clear liquids and gradually work your way back to your normal diet. This will help prevent nausea and vomiting.

Wound Care

- Remove the dressing 72 hours after surgery. After that, you may shower.
- You will have 2 to 5 small incisions around the shoulder covered by steri-strips. Do not remove the steri-strips for 2 weeks. They may spontaneously come off before the 2 weeks. If so, just cover with a regular band-aid.
- Do not put any lotions or antibiotic ointments over the incisions until they are completely closed.
- Do not submerge your surgical shoulder or soak in a hot tub, swimming pool, or bath for 4 weeks.
- Sutures will be removed at your first post-op visit.

Drainage

- It is expected you may have a fair amount of drainage into your initial post-operative dressing. This is normal and should generally become minimal to no drainage after 48-72 hours.
- Observe the area for several days noting any unusual increased drainage, unusual increase in pain, or any foul odor.
- When wounds are dry, no dressing is required. Dressing can be applied per your comfort.

Activities

- Rest at home for the first 24 hours after surgery.
- Sling to be worn at all times until your block wears off. At that time, use the sling as needed for comfort.
- You will be scheduled for Physical Therapy at your first follow-up appointment. Perform shoulder pendulums and elbow range of motion as tolerated.
- If you are being treated for adhesive capsulitis, you should start therapy 1 or 2 days after surgery. Please inform us if this is not arranged.
- You may drive your personal vehicle 48 hours after surgery. Do not drive while taking narcotic pain medication or if you feel unsafe.

- You may find you sleep better in a recliner although location and position is guided by your comfort.

Pain Control

- Take post-operative pain medicine prescribed as directed. This usually means 1 tablet every for 4 hours for mild pain or 2 tablets every 4-6 hours for severe pain. Do not take any additional Tylenol.
- You can also use over-the-counter non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) once you are eating well. They will help reduce pain, swelling, and stiffness.
 - Recommended: Aleve, 1 to 2 tablets every 12 hours; or Ibuprofen, 400 to 800 mg every 6 to 8 hours. Eat something prior to taking the medication. If you develop stomach burning or severe GI upset, discontinue the medication.
 - *Do not take NSAIDS if you have a history of kidney, liver, or stomach ulcer disease, or bleeding disorders, or if you are taking Celebrex, Bextra, or blood thinners like Coumadin.
- The pain medication may also cause constipation if you take it regularly, so take the prescribed stool softener as needed. Over the counter treatments include: stool softener, fiber bar, Metamucil or prune juice to prevent constipation.
- No driving while taking any narcotic pain medication.
- The pain medication may cause some nausea so take it with some food.
- Utilize the ice pack as instructed below

Effective October 6, 2014, federal regulation prevents the ability to call or fax post-operative pain medications to pharmacies (including refills). Every prescription must be an original and presented in person; please keep this in mind when requesting additional medications.

Cold Therapy

- Ice should be used to help reduce pain and swelling. Use it as often as possible the first 3 days after surgery, alternating 20 minutes on with 20 minutes off. After the third day, use it at least 3 to 5 times a day for 20 minutes each session until pain and swelling have resolved.

Nerve Blocks for Anesthesia

If you had a nerve block this can last approximately 12-24 hours, sometimes longer. You may notice tingling on occasion after the block wears off. This usually resolves in several days, but if it persists please call the office.

As you begin to regain your sensation take your pain medication before the block wears completely off. This will help you prevent getting behind on pain control.

DVT Prevention

- You must wear your white TED hose compressive stockings for 10 days after surgery. These stockings reduce swelling which improves healing and helps prevent blood clots.
- Please perform ankle pumps as this will help prevent blood clots.
- **Sometimes we have to prescribe a blood thinner to help prevent blood clots. Given your medical history, surgery and activity level:**

- **You are recommended to take one 325mg Aspirin daily by mouth for 2-4 weeks after surgery. Do not take Aspirin at the same time as NSAID medications.**
 - **STOP THE ASPIRIN:** If you have any stomach irritation, bleeding in your stool or you start vomiting blood. Contact Dr. Patel's office.
- **Take a baby aspirin (81 mg) daily for the first 7 days.**
- **You do not need to take any additional medications**
- **Other:** _____
- If you are traveling after surgery, please let us know – we advise you to wait at least 1 week between travel and surgery. General tips for preventing blood clots when traveling after surgery:
 1. Get up on the plane to crutch/walk every hour or if driving stop every 1-2 hours to get up and walk
 2. Stay hydrated. Avoid alcohol and caffeine.
 3. Wear your leg stockings
 4. Take 325mg of Aspirin (unless allergic or have stomach or kidney problems) the day before travel, the day of travel and the day after travel
 5. Do your exercises during travel especially ankle pumps
 6. If you experience swelling in your calf or pain please call our office immediately or go to your local ED for evaluation

Notify the Office if you Experience the Following

- Flu-like symptoms, nausea/vomiting, temperature of 101.5 degrees or higher, severe chills; foul odor, redness, or increased tenderness or drainage from the incision. These are signs of a possible infection. You may need to report to an Emergency Room.
- Hot tender area or unusually large amounts of swelling in either calf or other area of the leg; chest pain, shortness of breath or coughing up blood. These are signs of a possible blood clot and you may need to report to an Emergency Room or call an ambulance.
- **For urgent problems** that occur during office hours (office hours, Monday -- Friday, 8:00 am to 5:00 pm), call Dr. Patel's office directly (630) 920-2350 or report to an emergency room. After hours, call (630) 920-2350 or report to an emergency room.

Follow-up

- If you do not have a postoperative appointment set-up already, please call the office to schedule an appointment for 17-21 days after surgery at (630) 920-2350.
- Please bring all surgical photos to your first follow-up appointment

The previous instructions will help you know what to expect in the days following your surgery. However, do not hesitate to call if you have any questions or concerns.